Fleet Electrification Plan

PRELIMINARY.

February 2025



Disclaimer

This document provides a high-level summary of a fleet electrification plan based on the information provided by [Customer's Name] in a preliminary survey.

The data and recommendations herein are preliminary and subject to further detailed analysis and consultation before they should be made actionable. This document is intended for informational purposes only and does not constitute a definitive plan or commitment.

Leke Services does not assume any liability for decisions made based on this summary. Further detailed assessment is necessary to develop a comprehensive and tailored electrification strategy.

Schedule a free consultation today.

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1. Executive Summary

Initial Findings

Total Cost of Ownership \$0.23 / mi

The estimated cost per mile of owning and operating each vehicle based on assumptions used to calculate the upfront costs (capex) and operating expenses

Initial Investment <\$1M

The upfront cost required to transition to an electrified fleet, including vehicle purchase and infrastructure setup.

OPEX <\$0.1M / year

The annual operating expenses associated with maintaining and running the electrified fleet.

Est. Annual Emissions
20 tCO2 / year

An initial estimate of the annual greenhouse gas emissions by from your all EV fleet assuming energy sourced from a utility provider.

Leke Services can help you better understand the electrification process and develop a more detailed plan

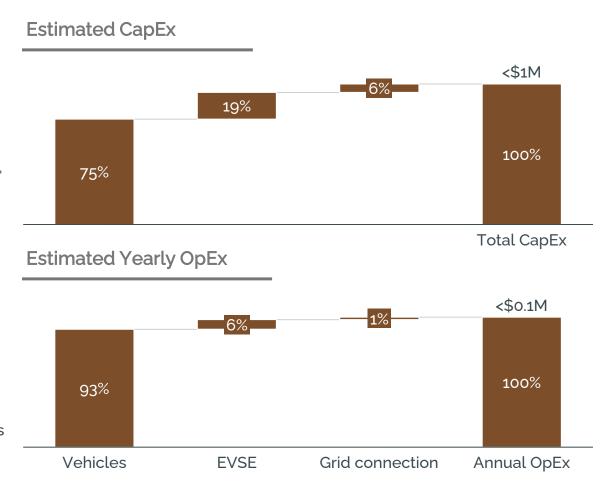
2. TCO for your fully electrified fleet should be between 1 million USD, with the bulk of the spend attributable to the vehicles

Financials for your Electrified Fleet



Assumptions

- Vehicles bought in year o
- Period (years): 15
- Number of vehicles: 10
- Suggested chargers: 1
- Daily mileage: 50
- Charge window: 10p-10a
- Vehicle type: Light-duty
- NPV Hurdle rate: 8%
- On-site charging without additional real estate costs
- New grid connection



Additional Insights

- Despite their relatively low costs, EVSE & Grid connection typically require the most lead time
- Fleets typically start with pilots to test operational needs
- It is prudent to spread vehicle purchases over many years. It can reduce risks to operations
- Due to limited availability of EVs & charging infrastructure, other alternative-fueled vehicles may be considered
- The grid connection can be supplemented with onsite energy generation and storage.

TCO: Total cost of ownership, CapEx: Capital expenses, OpEx: Operational expenses, EVSE: Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (e.g., chargers),

1 - TCO includes vehicle opex, capex only. OpEx does not include driver labor. CapEx includes max IRA incentives, and 30% residual value

3. Your fleet transition can be made more viable by leveraging several incentive options

Non-exhaustive examples shown below

Incentive	Description	Details
Commercial Clean Vehicle Credit (IRA)	Tax credit for businesses purchasing qualified electric and hydrogen fuel cell vehicles.	Up to \$7,500 for light-duty vehicles and up to \$40,000 for heavy-duty vehicles.
Alternative Fuel Infrastructure Tax Credit	Tax credit for up to 30% of the cost of installing alternative fueling equipment	Applicable for EV charging stations and hydrogen, natural gas, propane, and other alternative fuels.
Clean Heavy-Duty Vehicle Program (IRA)	Grants and rebates to replace heavy- duty ICE vehicles with zero-emission vehicles.	Priority given to fleets serving communities with poor air quality; includes funding for related infrastructure.
Diesel Emissions Reduction Act (DERA) Grants	Grants for projects that reduce emissions from diesel engines, including vehicle replacement with electric options.	Administered by the EPA; funds available for a range of emission reduction projects.
Low or No Emission Vehicle Program	Grants for the purchase or lease of zero-emission and low-emission transit buses and supporting facilities.	Administered by the Federal Transit Administration; available to state and local government entities.

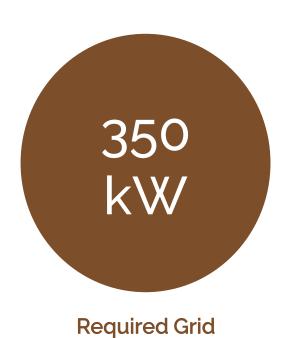
Additional Insights

There are also programs offered at a state level and from various utility companies.

Examples:

- California: California Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck and Bus Voucher Incentive Project (HVIP)
- PG&E EV Fleet Program: EV Fleet Program: a comprehensive program that encompasses incentives and rebates, site design and permitting, construction and activation

4. You can power your fleet using 3 main energy sources

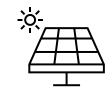


Connection



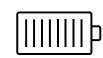
Grid

- Fleet operators can leverage off-peak charging to cut costs and ensure operational efficiency
- Using the grid also facilitates seamless integration with existing infrastructure.



On Site Generation

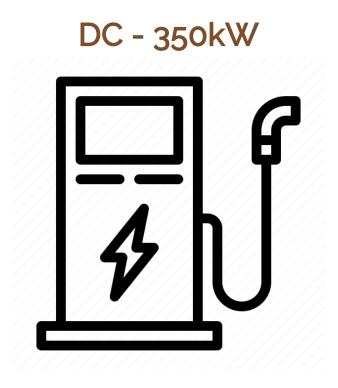
- Generating electricity on-site, often through renewables like solar or wind, reduces grid dependence, lowers long-term energy expenses, and supports sustainability goals.
- Can enhance energy security and resilience during grid outages.



Storage

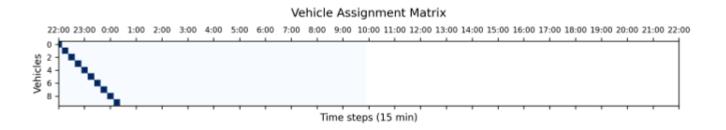
- Energy storage systems, like batteries, store surplus electricity from low-demand periods or on-site renewables.
- This stored energy can be used for fleet charging during peak demand or low renewable generation, balancing supply, reducing grid peak loads, and ensuring uninterrupted operations.

5. For your fleet size and charging window, 1 350-kW DC fast chargers are recommended



Number of chargers: 1

Charging Schedule (for 10 vehicles)



Leke Services uses BrightMerge's software to help optimize charging for more efficient cost-savings

6. There are three main operational considerations as you electrify your fleet



Driver Training

- Drivers need to understand the nuances of electric vehicle operation, including charging procedures, range management, and potential differences in vehicle handling and performance compared to traditional vehicles.
- Proper training ensures efficient and safe operation of the electric fleet, maximizing vehicle uptime and performance.



Vehicle R&M

- Technicians need specialized training and tools to diagnose and service EVs effectively.
- Regular maintenance of battery health, electric drivetrain, and charging systems is crucial to ensure optimal vehicle performance, range, and longevity.
- Establish a robust maintenance program to minimize downtime and extend the operational life of your EV fleet.

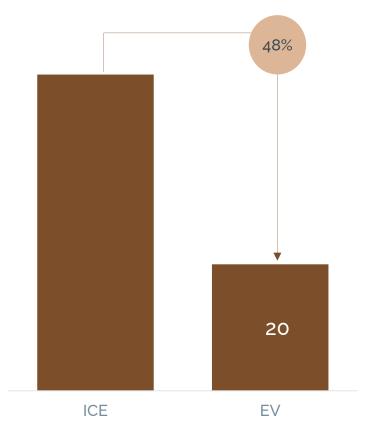


EVSE R&M

- EV charging infrastructure requires regular maintenance to ensure reliability and efficiency.
- This includes routine inspections, cleaning, and testing of charging stations and related components.
- Technicians should be trained to troubleshoot, and repair charging equipment promptly to minimize downtime and ensure that charging stations are always operational.

7. Your fully transitioned EV Fleet (#50) is likely to reduce emissions by ~50%

Annual Emissions (ICE vs EV), metric tons CO,



Assumes annual emissions of 4.6 metric tons per light duty vehicle, compared to grid sourced energy (which can go to zero with renewable energy sources).

Additional Considerations

Generation Source

Emissions reductions for both Ev and ICE fleets depends heavily on the source of electricity generation, with renewable energy sources like solar and wind significantly lowering emissions

Carbon Offsets

EV fleets can utilize carbon offsets to mitigate emissions even further and potentially generate revenue

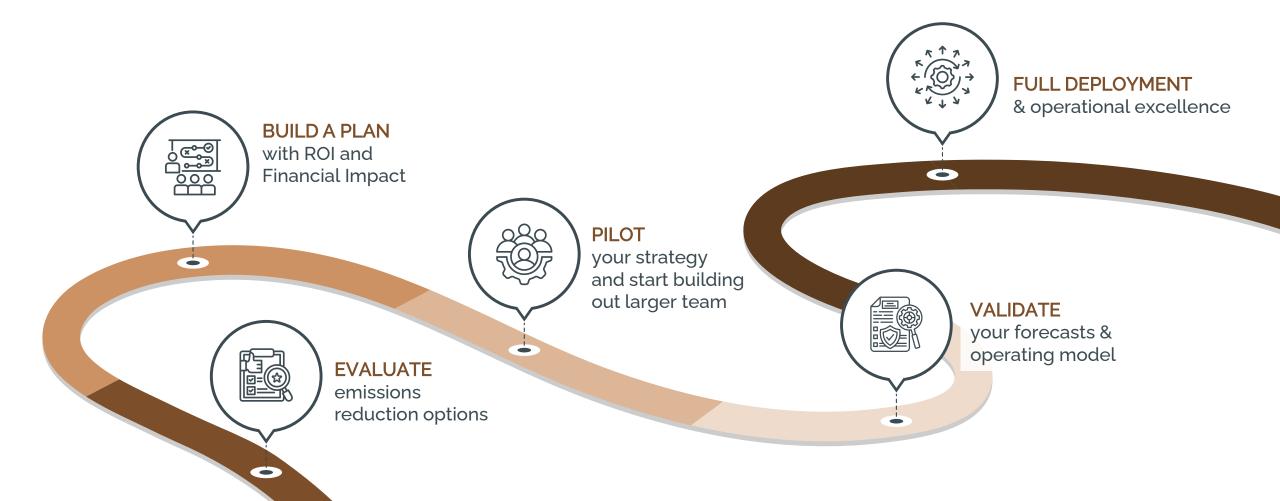
Lifecycle Emissions

EVs generally have lower lifecycle emissions compared to ICE vehicles, considering factors like manufacturing impacts and emissions associated with fossil fuel extraction, refining, and combustion in ICE vehicles

8. Risks & Mitigation Strategies for Your Transition

Risk		Summary	Mitigation Strategy
1	Jpfront Costs	 High upfront costs for purchasing electric vehicles and installing charging infrastructure may strain financial resources 	 Seek government grants, subsidies, or tax incentives available for EV adoption. Consider leasing options for vehicles to reduce initial capital outlay
2 T	Fraining & Skill Gaps	 Existing staff may lack expertise in EV technology, maintenance, and operational best practices, leading to potential downtime and inefficiencies 	 Implement a robust training program for fleet managers, technicians, and drivers covering EV technology, maintenance procedures, and safety protocols. Partner with EV manufacturers or training institutions for specialized training
3 B	Battery Capability	 Concerns over battery longevity, performance in extreme weather conditions, and potential degradation affecting vehicle reliability and operational uptime 	 Select vehicles with proven battery technology and warranties that cover degradation. Monitor and manage battery health through software solutions and predictive maintenance. Develop protocols for battery maintenance and temperature management in fleet operations
4	Regulatory Jncertainty	 Evolving regulations, standards, and incentives related to EVs may impact operational costs, compliance requirements, and investment decisions 	 Stay informed about local, state, and federal regulations regarding emissions, vehicle standards, and incentives for EV adoption. Maintain flexibility in fleet planning and budgeting to adapt to regulatory changes

9. Your path to zero emissions starts with evaluating which emissions reduction options make sense for you

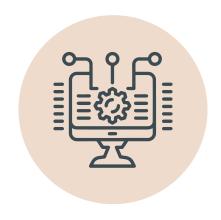


10. Leke Services has service models to meet you where you are.



Consultation

Let us help you estimate your techno-financial needs based on your fleet & location info



Software + support

Provide access, training, and support through creating scenarios using BrightMerge's tool



Fleet transition plan

Help your team to develop a plan to reduce emissions to stay ahead of regulatory mandates





"THANK YOU" in Yoruba